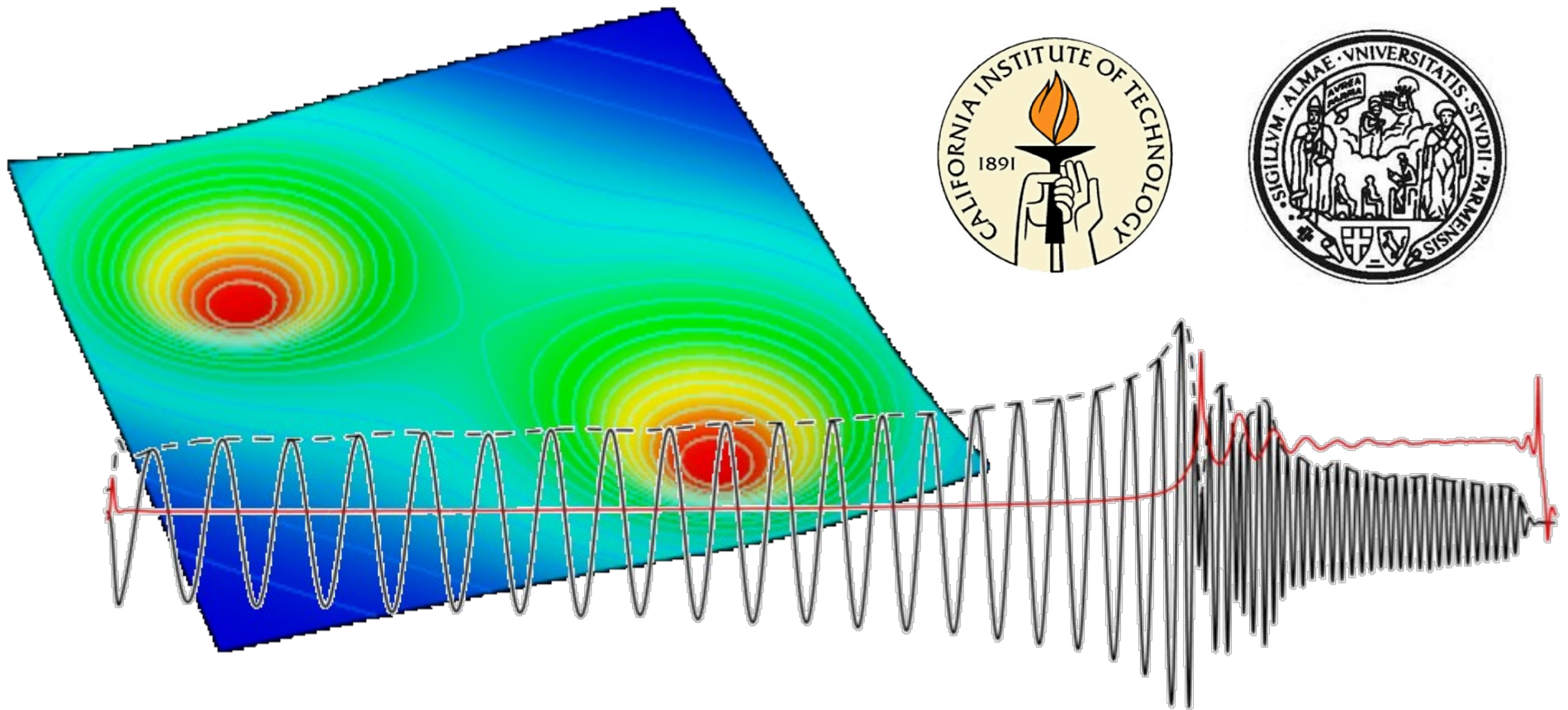


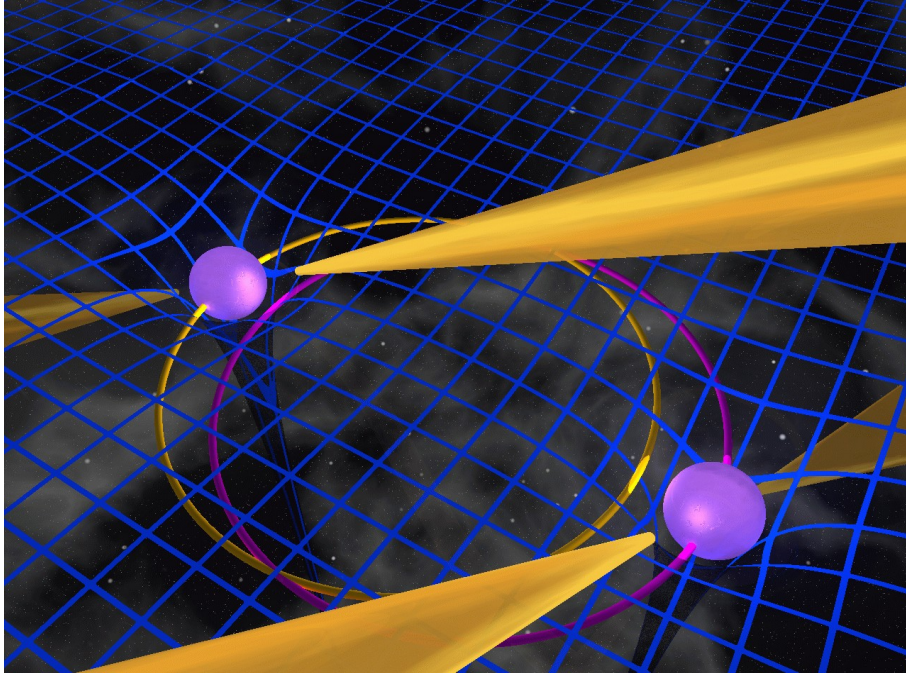
Modeling Gravitational Waves from Neutron Star Mergers

S. Bernuzzi

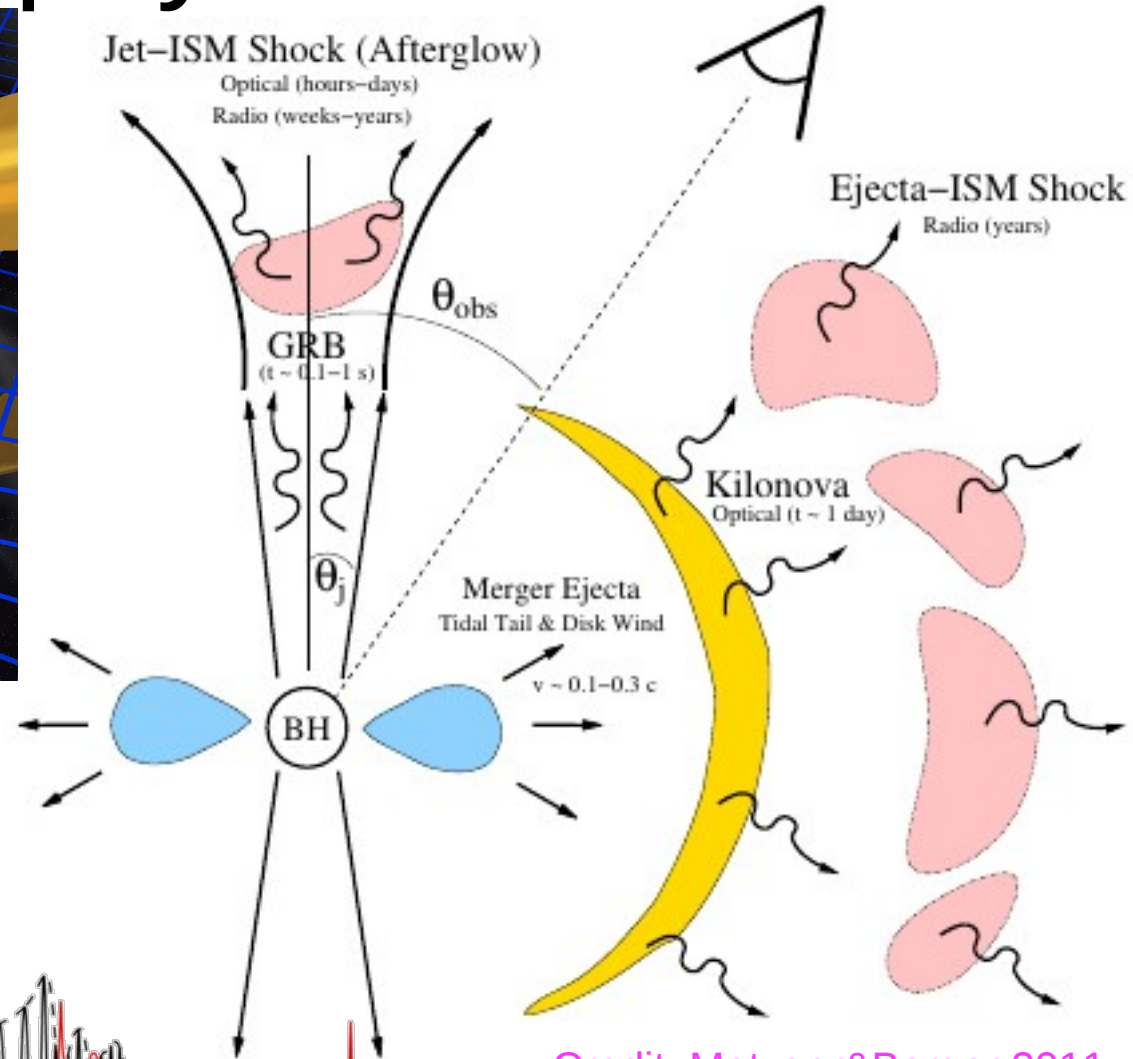


MICRA - August, 19th 2015

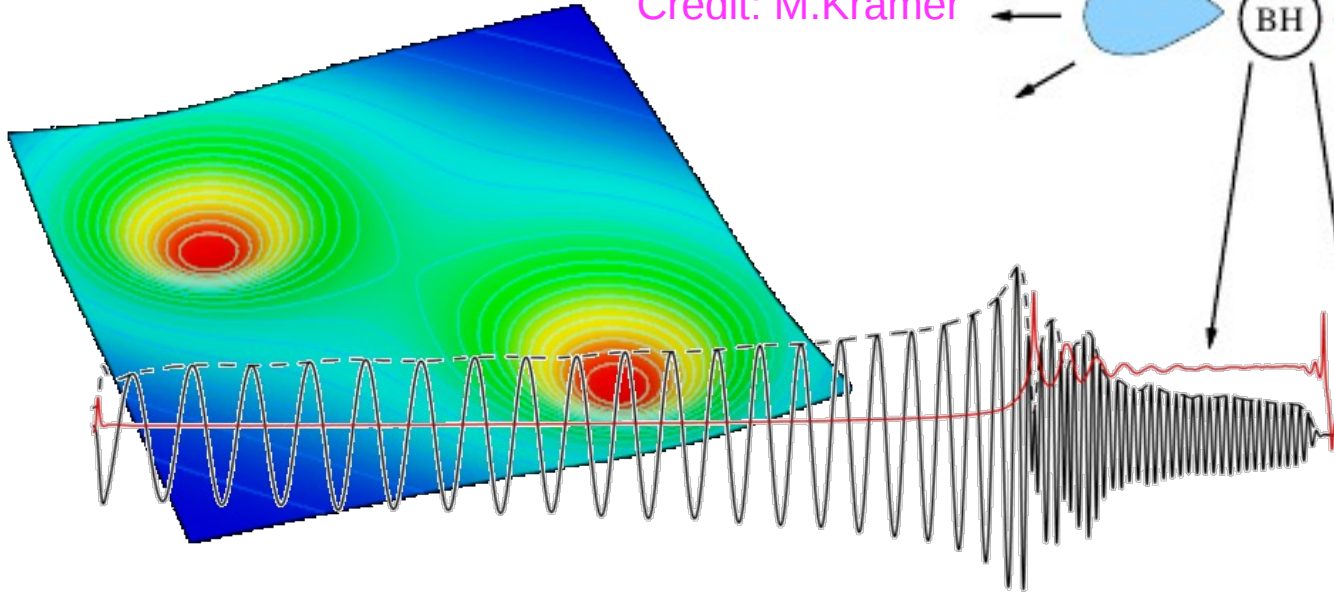
Neutron star mergers astrophysics



Credit: M.Kramer



Credit: Metzger&Berger 2011



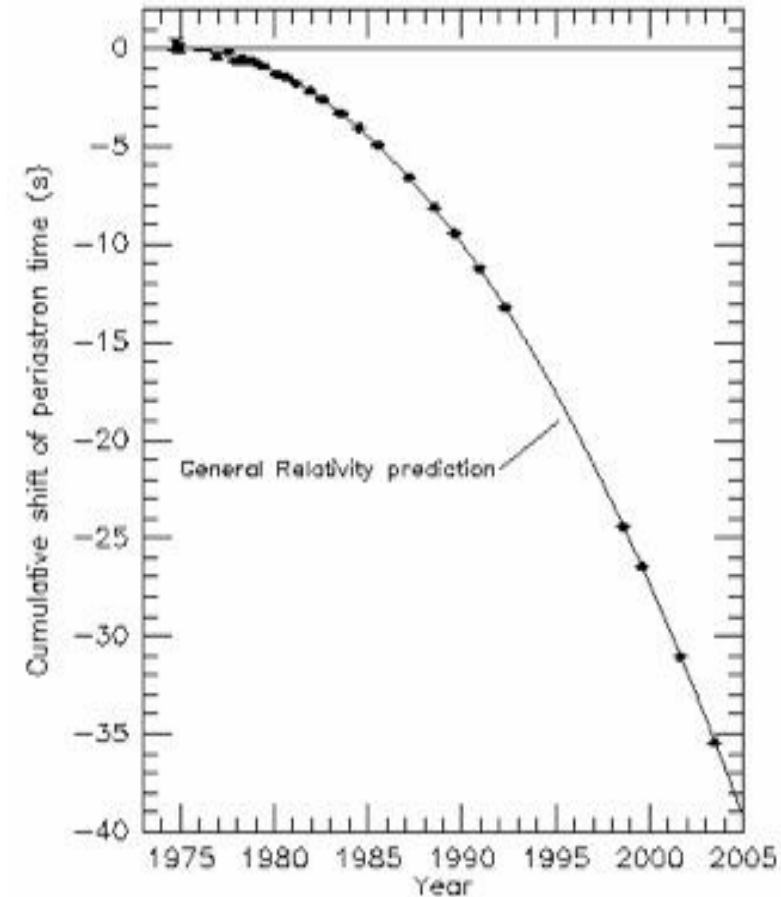
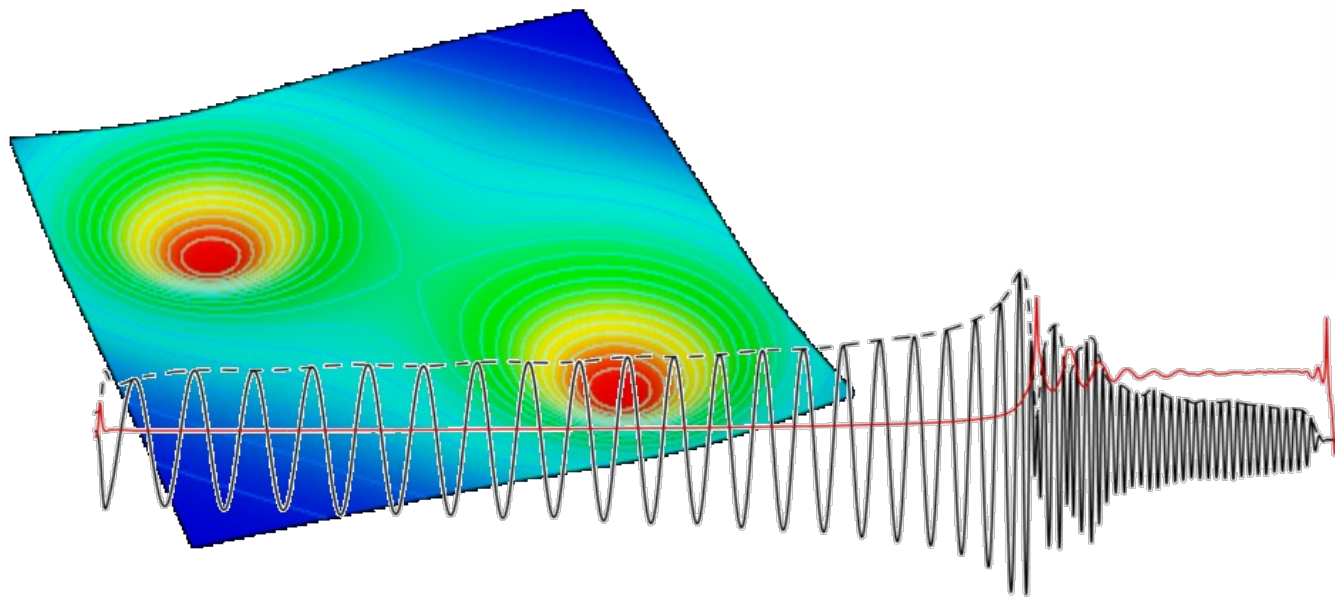
However ...

- Many uncertainties remains:
- Clear source/central engine identification requires Gravitational Wave observations
- **Gravitational waves observations are crucial !**



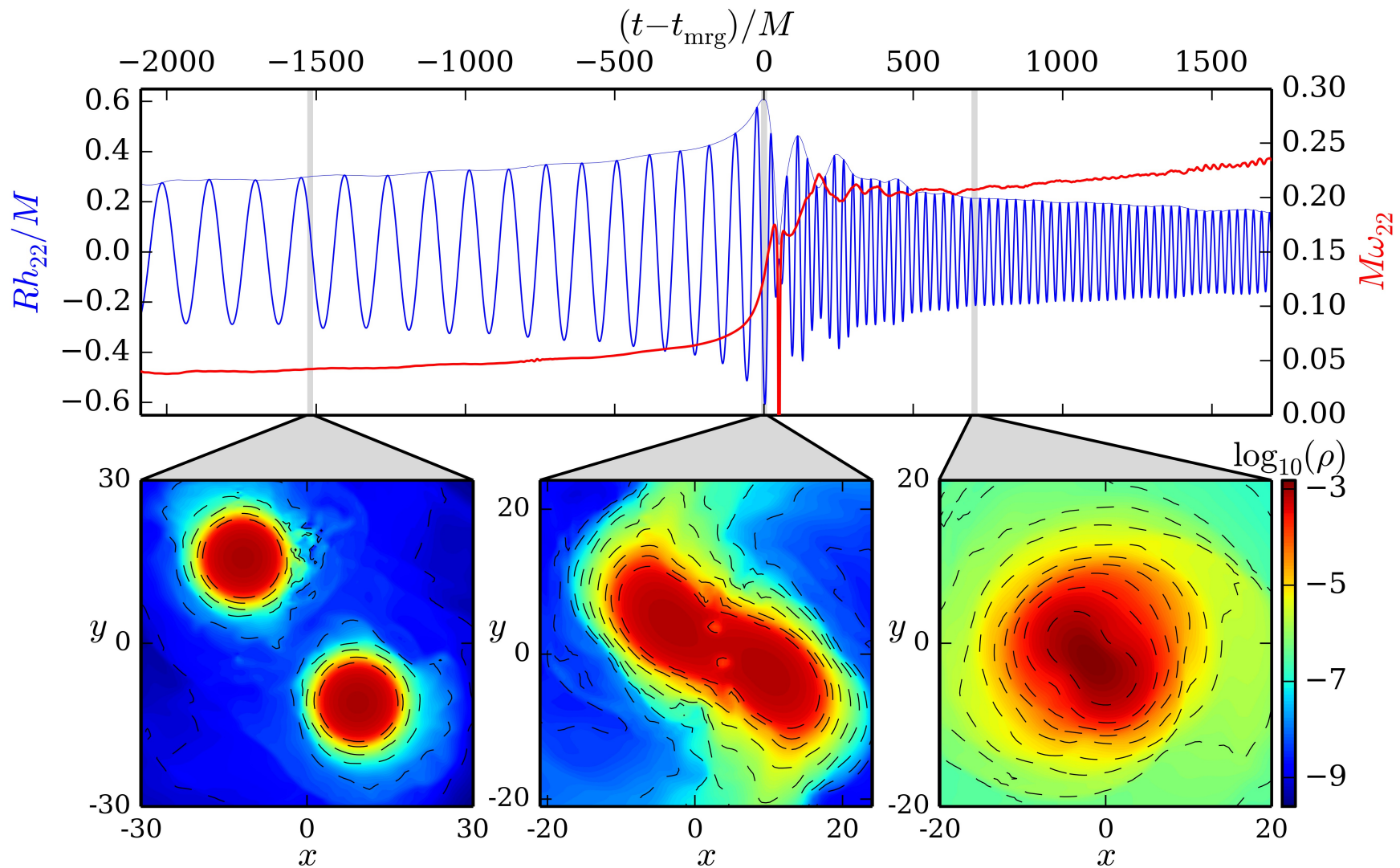
Binary neutron stars & GWs

- Strong-field tests GR
- Indirect evidence
- Direct observations require **precise** theoretical knowledge of the late-inspiral-merger signal
- Theory: GR, Numerical Relativity, ONLY way to do it !



[Hulse&Taylor Pulsar]

NS-NS merger waveform



- How dynamics depend on EOS, mass, mass-ratio, *etc* ?
- Can we model the waveform and the GW spectrum ?

How do we model tides during late-inspiral and merger ?

How dynamics depend on EOS, mass, mass-ratio, *etc* ?

Effective-one-body framework

[Sketch of the Hamiltonian]

[Buonanno&Damour PRD 2000, ...]

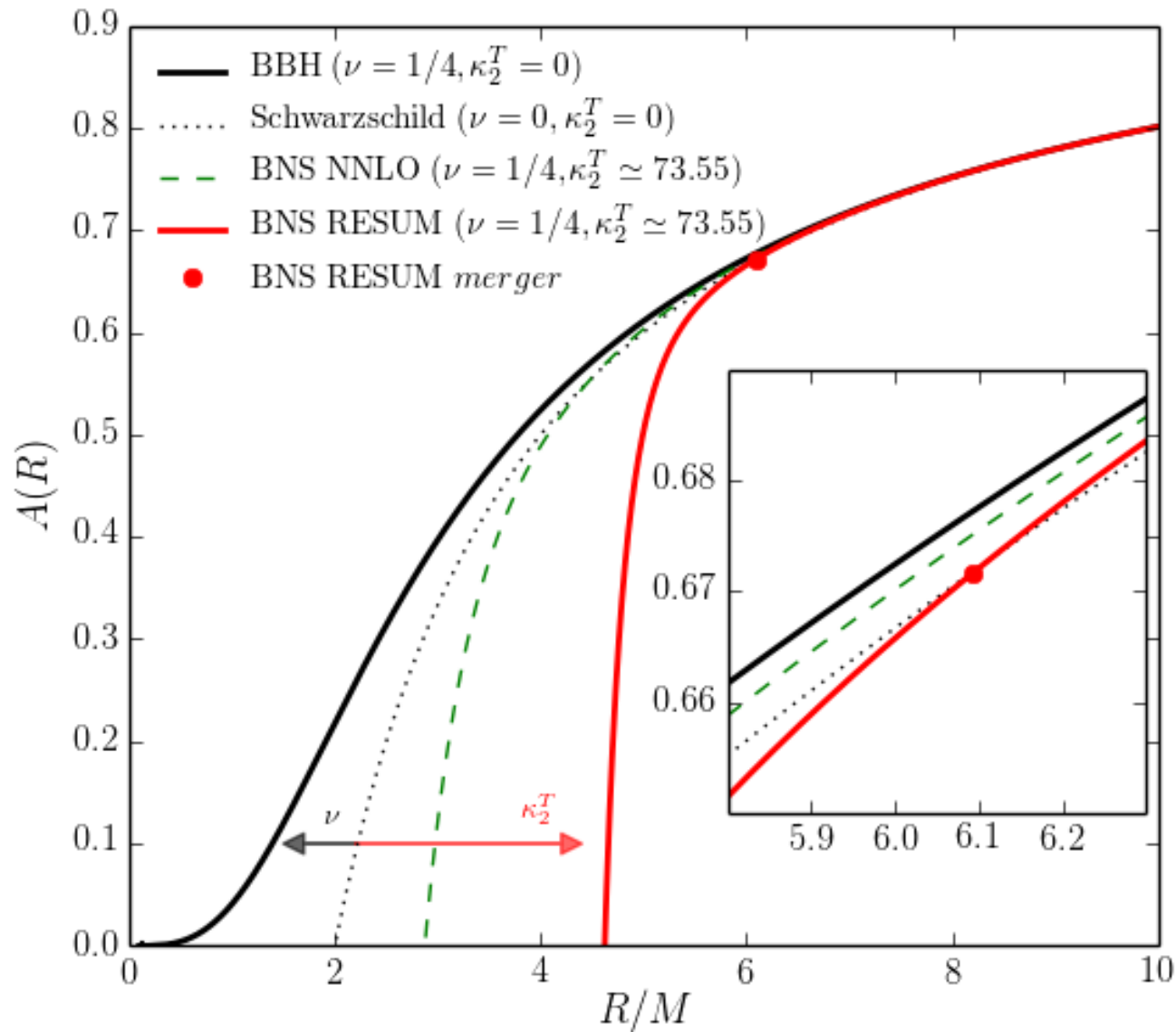
- Newton: 2-body problem, relative motion => motion of particle in 2-body potential
- Relativistic 2-body problem => motion of effective particle in effective metric (potential)
- Particle on Schwarzschild: $H \sim \mu \sqrt{A (1 + p_\varphi^2 u^2) + p_{r^*}^2}$
- Metric potential $A(u)$

$$A(u; \nu; \kappa_2^T) = A^0(u; \nu) + A^T(u; \nu; \kappa_2^T)$$

$$A^0(u; \nu) = 1 + 2u + \nu(\dots) \quad A^T(u; \nu; \kappa_2^T) = -\kappa_2^T u^6 - \dots$$

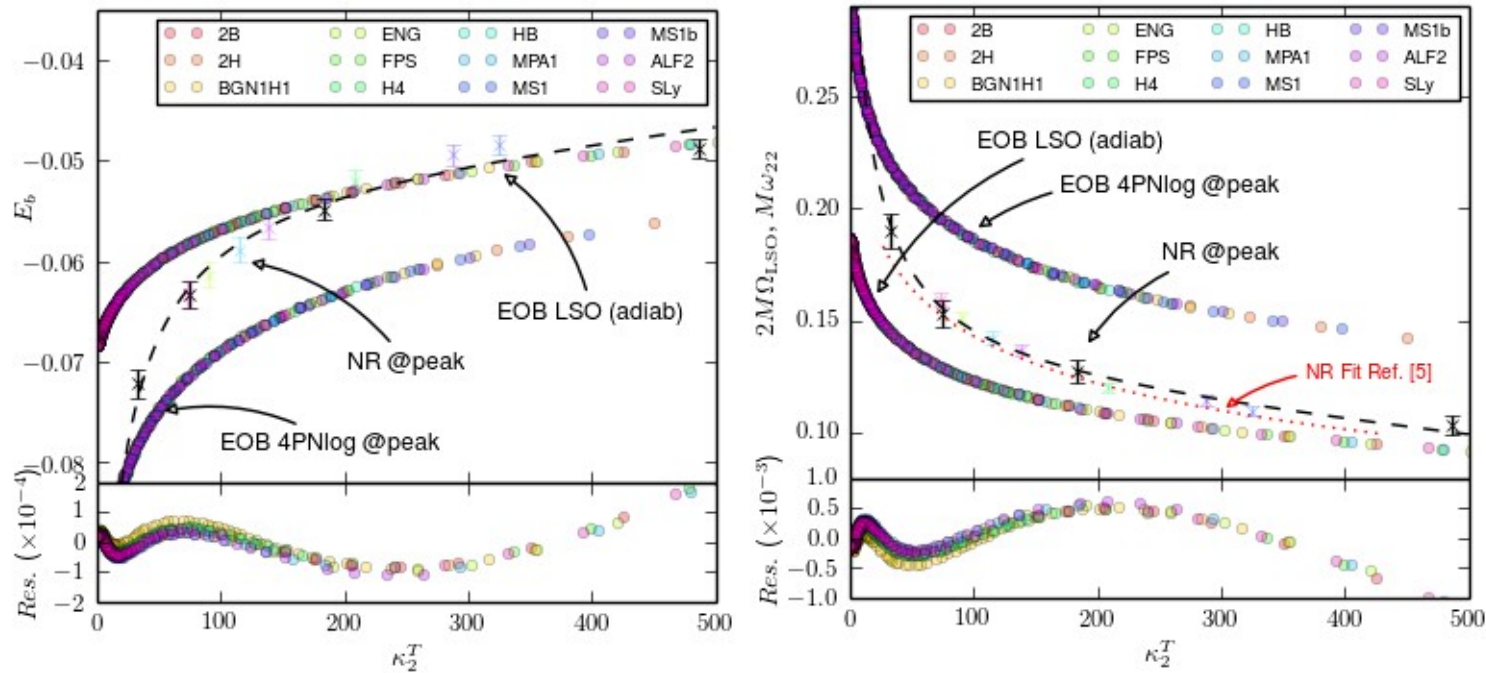
[Damour&Nagar PRD 2009]

The $A(r)$ potential with tides



Universal properties of merger

[SB,Nagar,Balmelli,Dietrich,Ujevic PRL 2014]



Dynamics of every irrotational binary (at small separations) is described only by

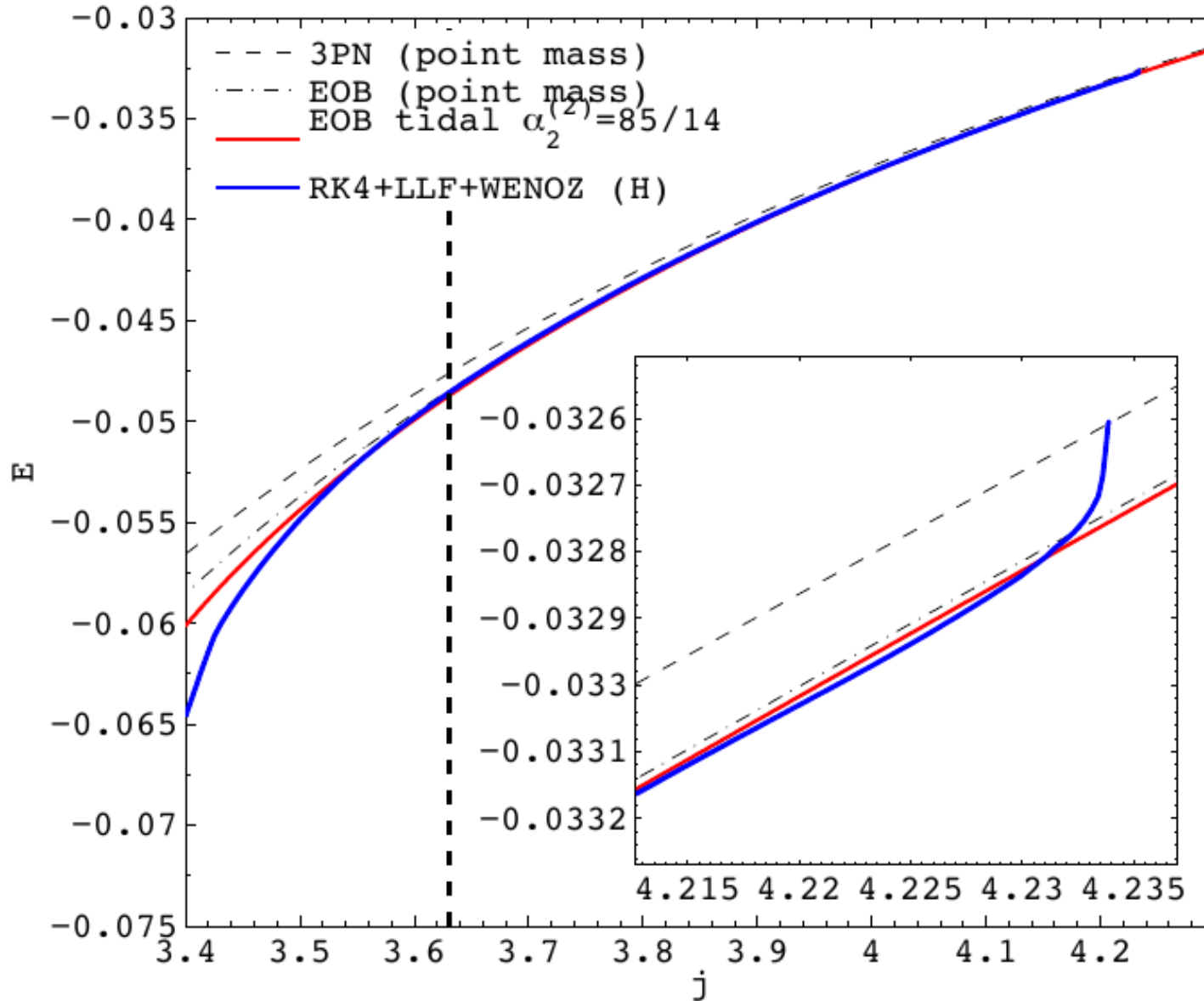
$$\kappa_\ell^T \equiv 2 \left[\frac{1}{q} \left(\frac{X_A}{C_A} \right)^{2\ell+1} k_\ell^A + q \left(\frac{X_B}{C_B} \right)^{2\ell+1} k_\ell^B \right]$$

$$A_{\text{LO}}^T(u) = -\kappa_2^T u^6$$

How do we extract meaningful
gauge-invariant information from the
simulations?

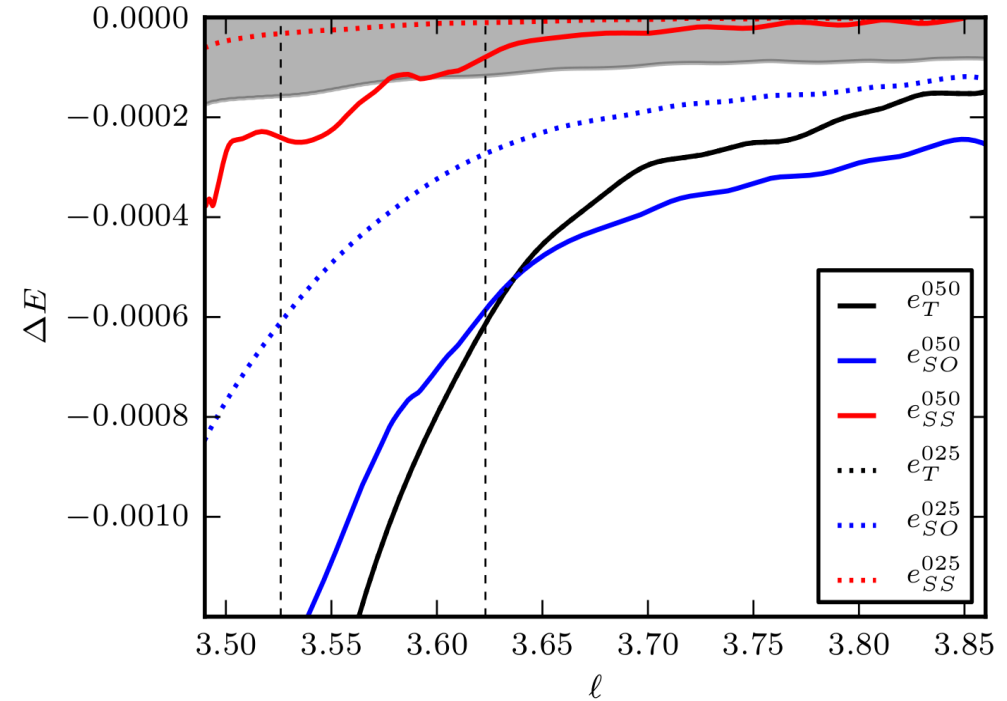
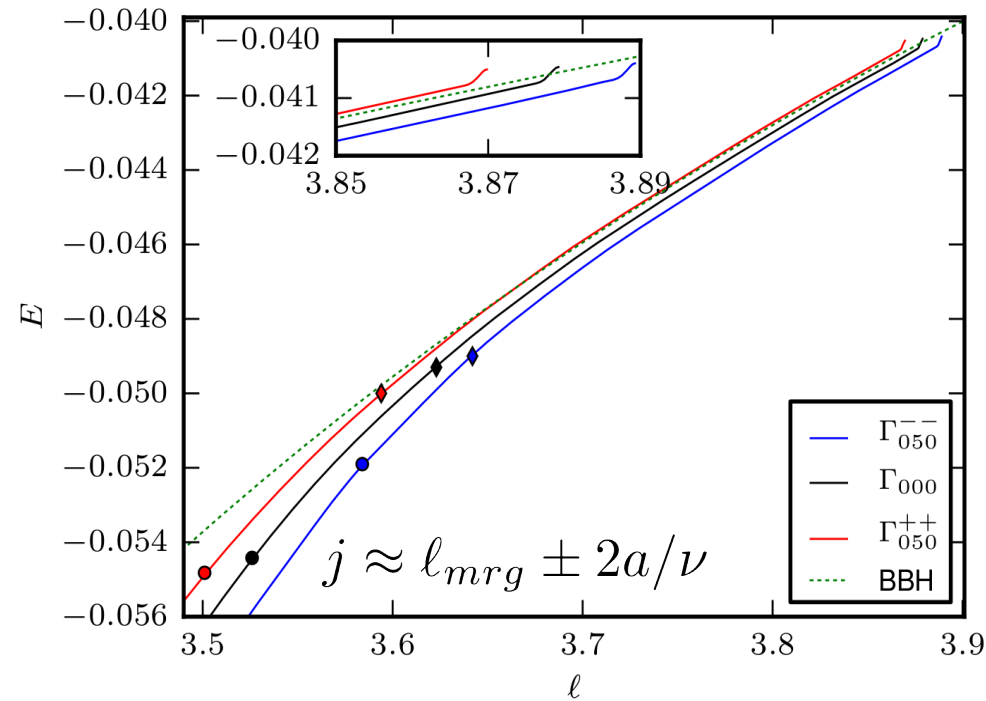
Gauge-invariant NS-NS dynamics

[SB,Nagar,Thierfelder,Bruegmann PRD 2012]



GR mergers with consistent spins

[SB,Dietrich,Tichy,Bruegmann PRD 2014]

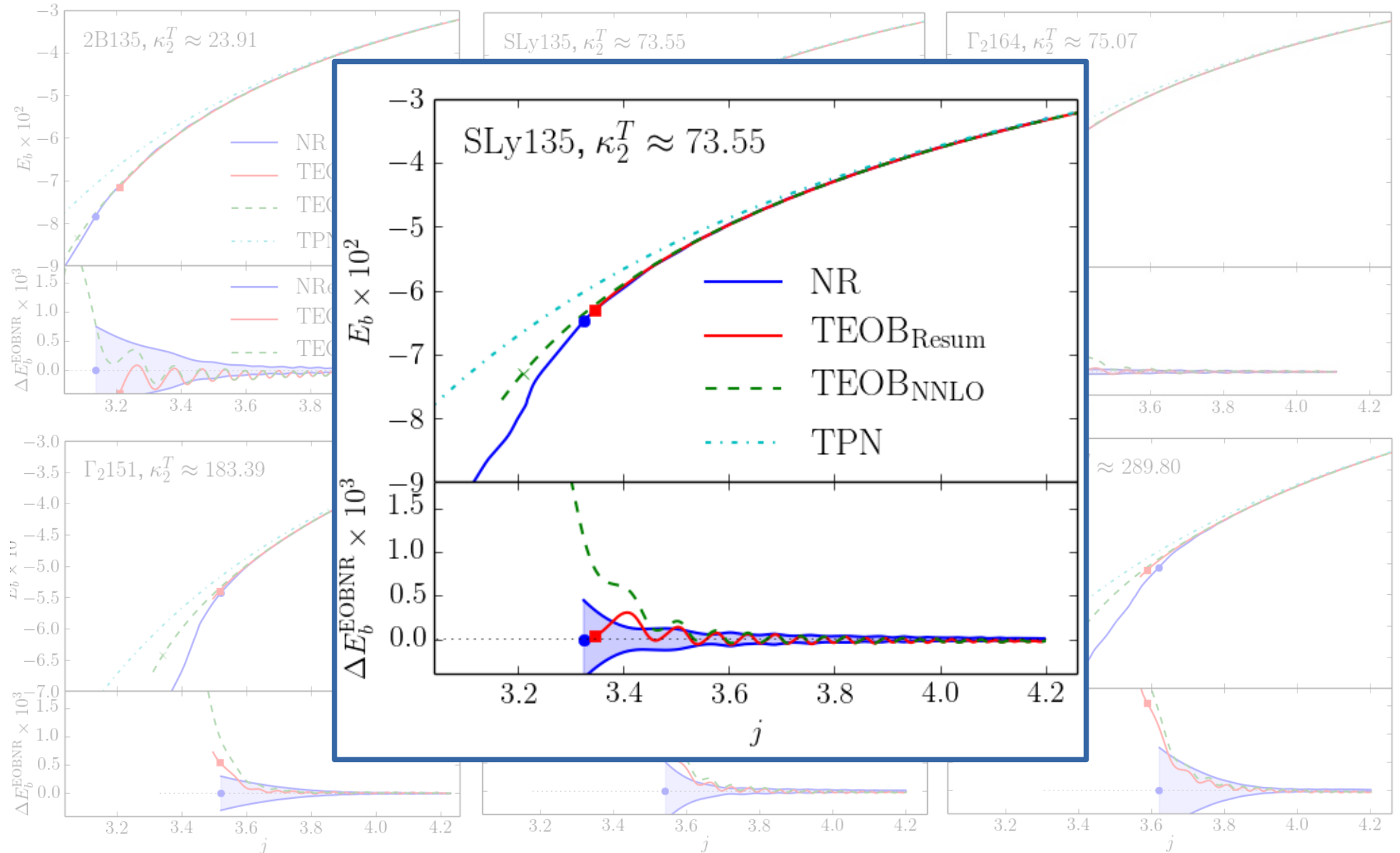


$$E = E_{BBH} + E_{SO} + E_{SS} + E_T$$

- 1st “realistic” NS-NS merger in GR (consistent initial data) [Tichy PRD 2010]
- Spin-orbit interaction in nonlinear GR !
(Last-spherical-orbit [Damour PRD 2001], “hang-up” [Campanelli+ PRD 2006])
- 1st gauge-invariant comparison BHBH vs NSNS dynamcs
- $a \sim 0.05 \Rightarrow$ SO contribution $> \sim$ Tidal \Rightarrow CANNOT NEGLECT SPINS!
(PN “hierarchy” holds up to strong-field / hydrodynamical regime)

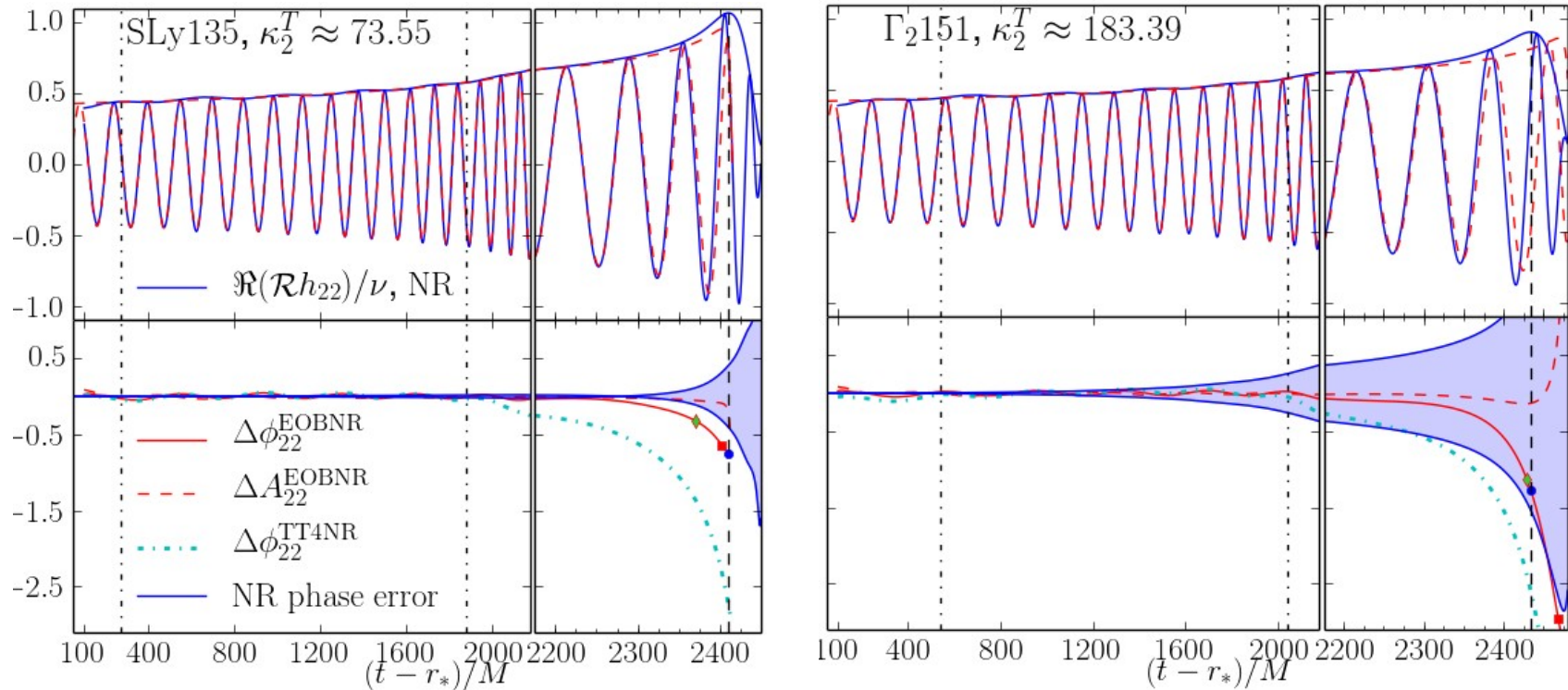
Modeling NS-NS dynamics

[SB, Nagar, Dietrich, Damour PRL 2015]



The merger waveform

[SB,Nagar,Dietrich,Damour PRL 2015]



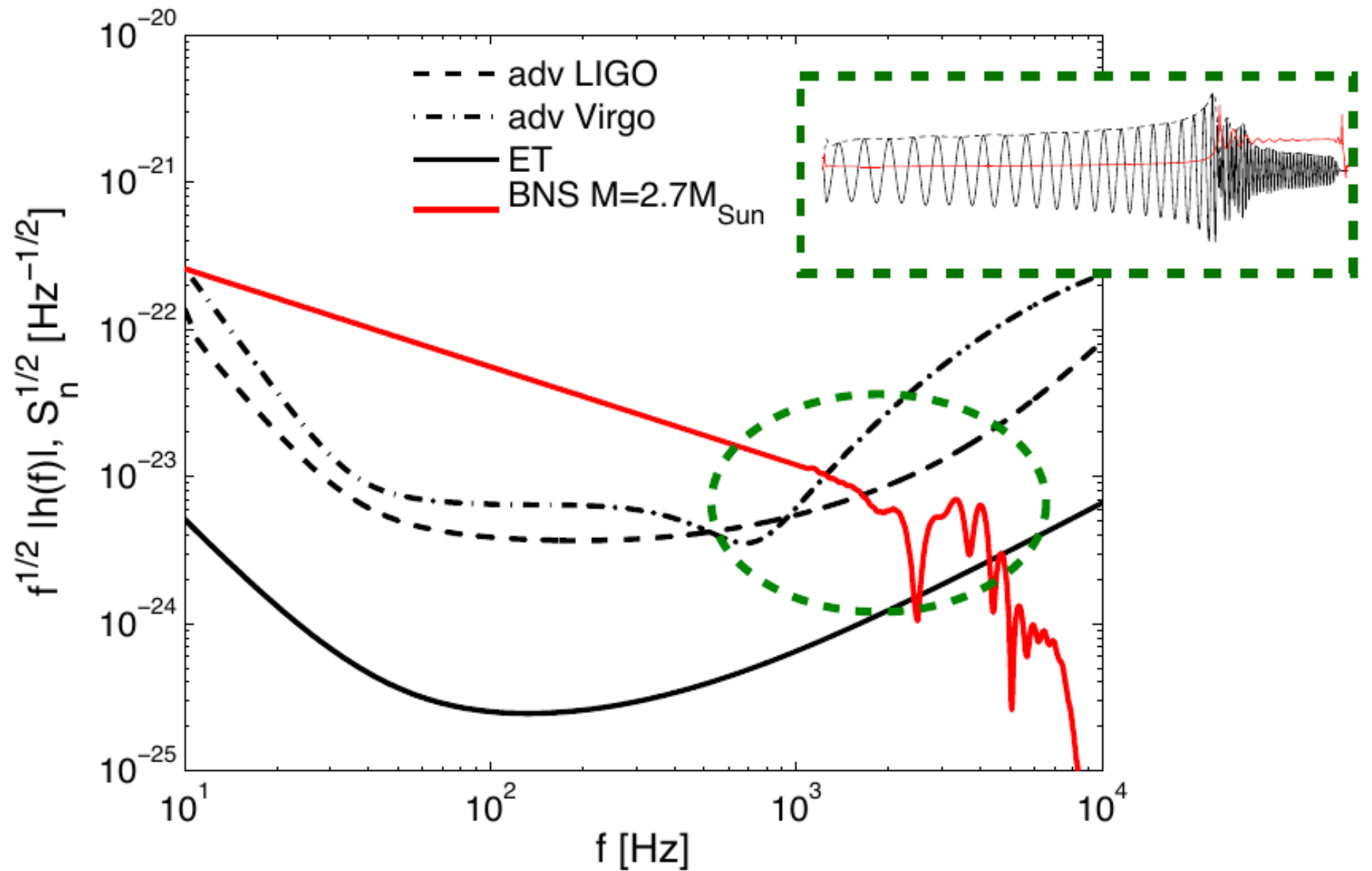
The model reproduces/predicts the NR waveform

NO TUNING/FITTING TO NR NS-NS DATA IS USED HERE !

Specifically we use:

- 1 NR-informed parameter (formally 5PN) for the BH-BH potential (SpEC data)
- Analytical frac. 2PN tidal corrections to the waveform
- Fix value of 1 unknown parameter (in its expected range) in the SF(2) function

GW Spectrum

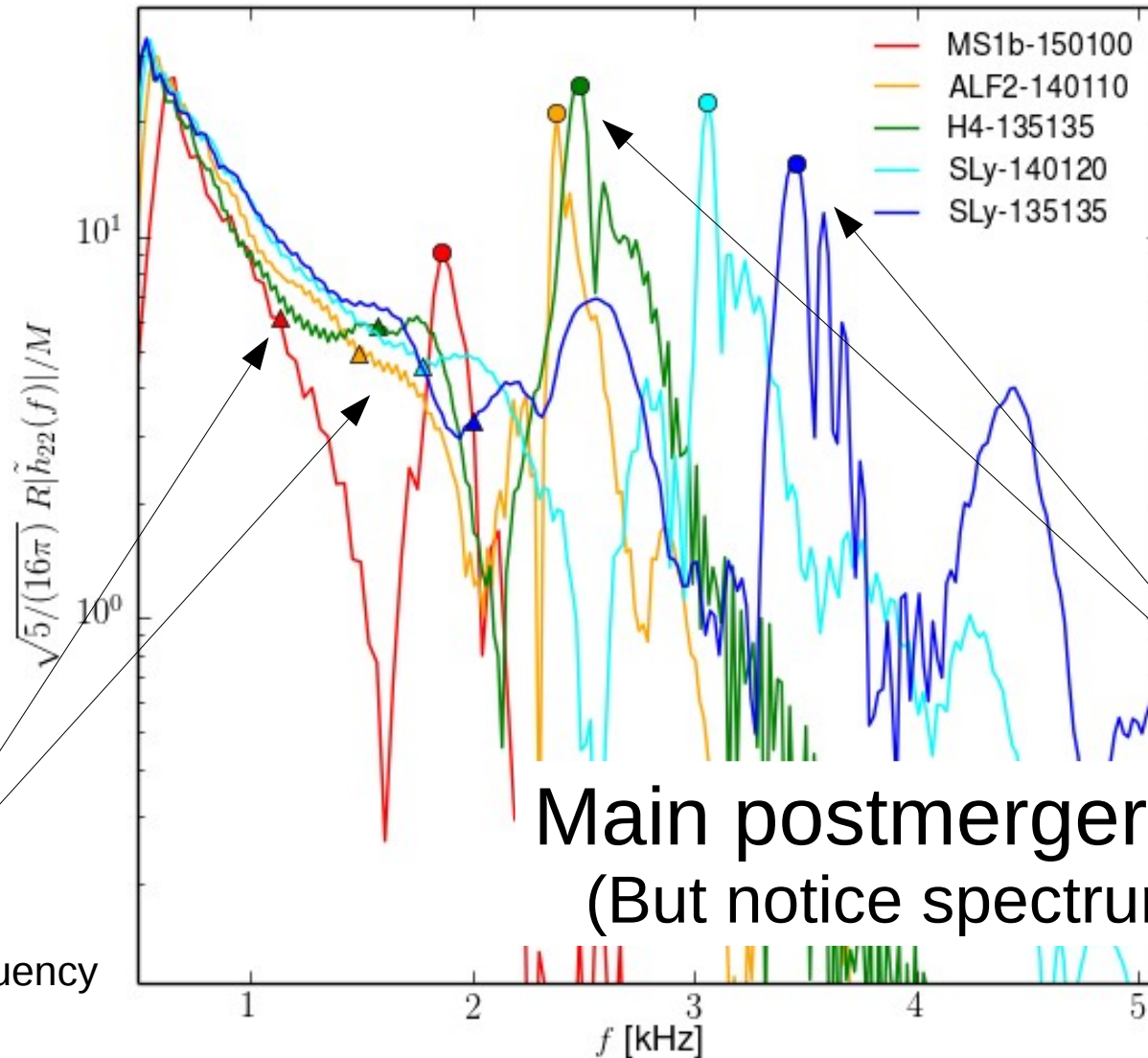


Can we model the complete
spectrum ?

How about postmerger ?

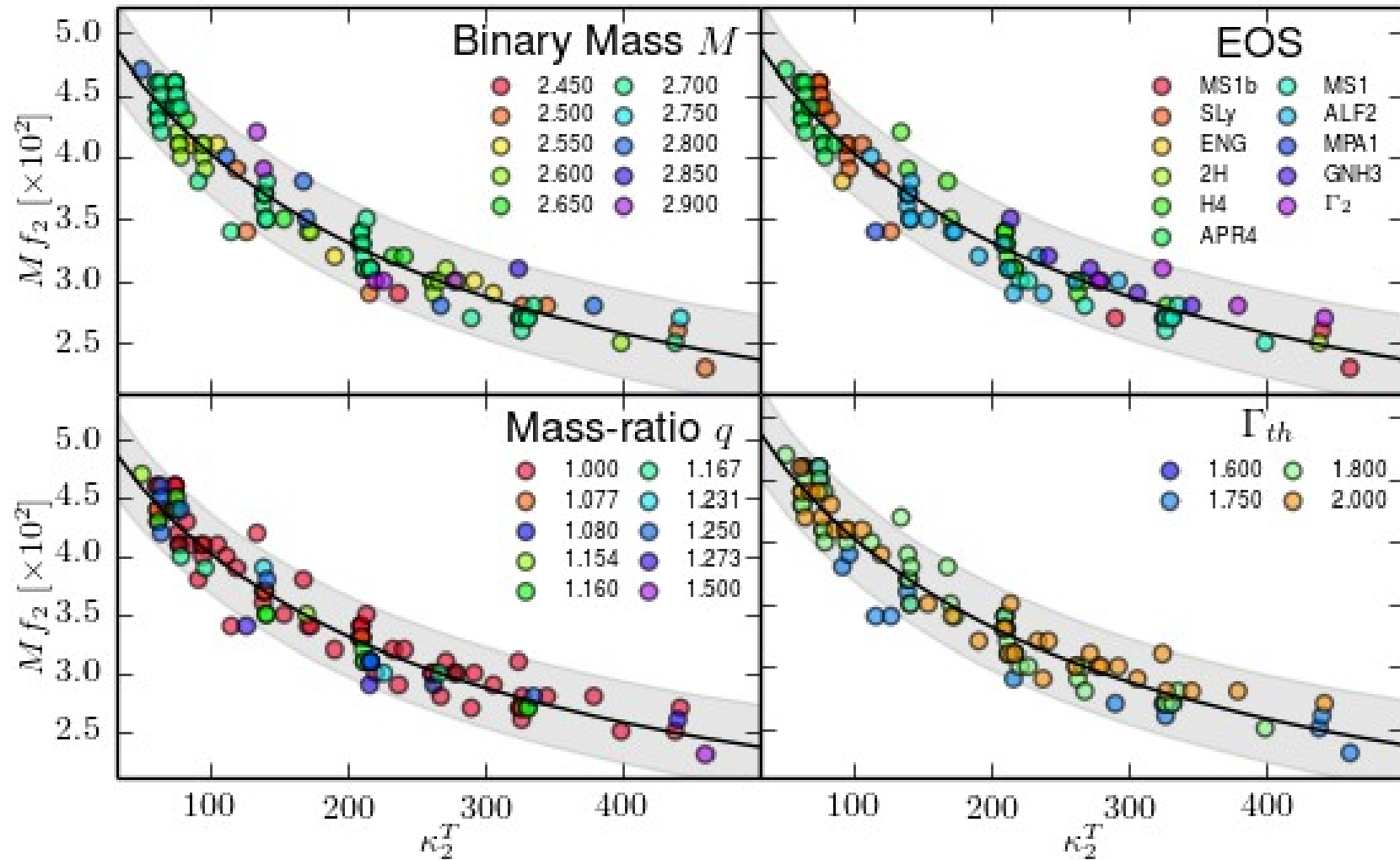
Postmerger GW spectra

[SB,Dietrich,Nagar PRL 2015]



Main postmerger peak frequency
(But notice spectrum is continuous...)

[SB,Dietrich,Nagar PRL 2015]



- Correlates to kappa for *every* binary !
- Simplified but robust description with a single tidal parameter
- A single parameter models inspiral-merger-postmerger !
- Does it help EOS extraction from GW observations ? [Li&SB, In Prep.]

Recent key achievements & Refs

- 1st proposal for a model of the complete GW spectrum of binary neutron stars, including both merger and postmerger

[SB, Dietrich, Nagar PRL 2015, gr-qc:1504.01764]

- 1st semianalytical tidal EOB model able to capture dynamics and waveform up to merger

[SB, Nagar, Dietrich, Damour PRL 2014, gr-qc:1412.4553]

- "universal" parametrization for neutron stars mergers dynamics, which uses a single key parameter for describing binaries with different equations of state, mass, and mass-ratio

[SB, Nagar, Balmelli, Dietrich Ujevic PRL 2014, gr-qc:1402.6244]

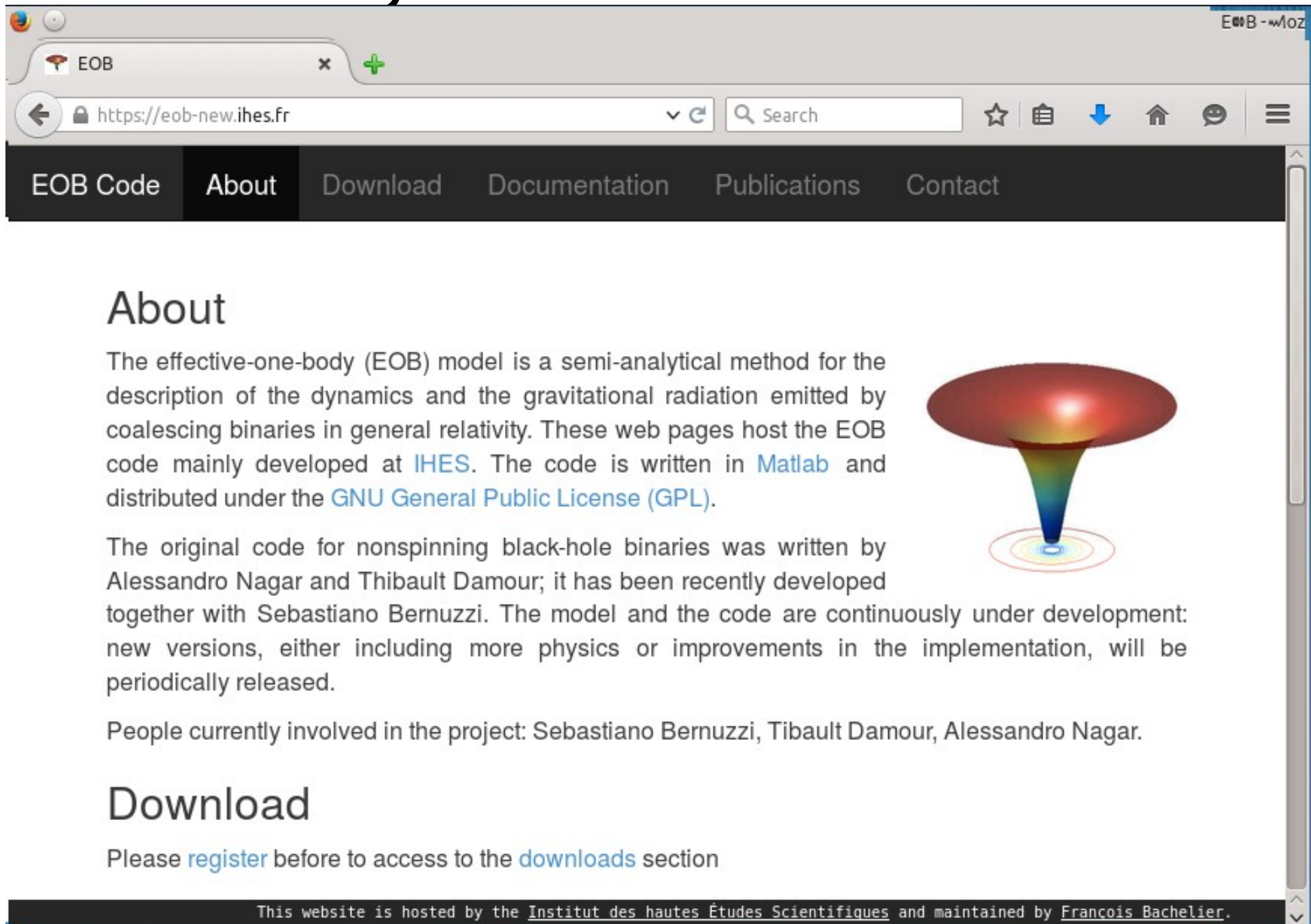
- 1st mergers with realistic spins using constraint satisfying initial data

[SB, Dietrich, Tichy, Bruegmann PRD 2014, gr-qc:1311.4443]

- EOB-NR analysis using gauge-invariant $E(j)$ curves for dynamics

[SB, Nagar, Thierfelder, Bruegmann PRD 2012, gr-qc:1205.3403]

Publicly available EOB code



EOB

https://eob-new.ihes.fr

EOB Code About Download Documentation Publications Contact

About

The effective-one-body (EOB) model is a semi-analytical method for the description of the dynamics and the gravitational radiation emitted by coalescing binaries in general relativity. These web pages host the EOB code mainly developed at [IHES](#). The code is written in [Matlab](#) and distributed under the [GNU General Public License \(GPL\)](#).

The original code for nonspinning black-hole binaries was written by Alessandro Nagar and Thibault Damour; it has been recently developed together with Sebastiano Bernuzzi. The model and the code are continuously under development: new versions, either including more physics or improvements in the implementation, will be periodically released.

People currently involved in the project: Sebastiano Bernuzzi, Tibault Damour, Alessandro Nagar.

Download

Please [register](#) before to access to the [downloads](#) section

This website is hosted by the [Institut des hautes Études Scientifiques](#) and maintained by [Francois Bachelier](#).